

Co-design of an intervention to enable patients and their relatives to escalate acute deterioration in adult ward settings: a case study approach

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Background

- Patient deterioration is not always identified early enough in clinical ward settings (McGaughey et al, 2017)
- Increasing evidence that patients/relatives can identify acute deterioration but various barriers/facilitators exist to being heard (McKinney et al, 2021)
- Limited research evidence of co-design or patient, family and healthcare perspectives with existing family-initiated escalation of care interventions (Bucknall et al, 2021)





Martha Mills



Martha's mother, Merope, told the BBC that her family were not listened to by senior doctors on several occasions



Aoife Johnston



The Irish Times https://www.irishtimes.com/crime-law/courts/2024/04/22/aoife-johnston...

Aoife Johnston inquest: 'We watched our daughter die | The Irish ...

The parents of a 16-year-old girl who died at University **Hospital Limerick** following a failure in her care tried to reassure her that she was in the best place only for them to watch her die...

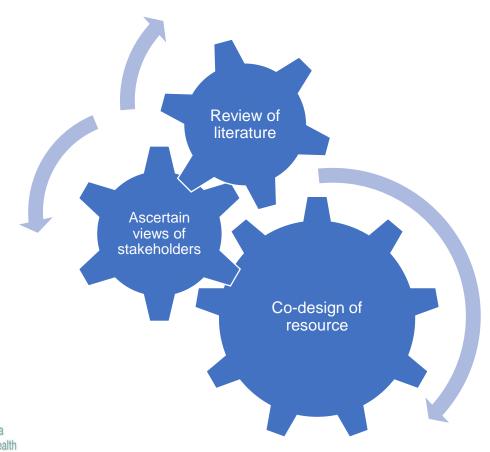
Her father James wept as he told the inquest that he begged staff to help his daughter.

QUEEN'S



Study Design

Aim: To co-design an All-Ireland resource that will enable patients and relatives to call for help if they become concerned about deterioration in adult hospital wards





- Design Collective case study using co-design approach
- Setting 2 acute wards in NI and ROI hospital
- Participants Patients[12] relatives[11] healthcare professionals[32]
- Co-design approach-
 - individual/focus group interviews with patients, family, staff
 - -prototype & implementation plan developed using co-design workshops with the Steering Group members
 - -online protype feedback interviews with patients /family /staff
 - Ethics Approval March 2019
- Analysis Thematic analysis (Braun and Clarke, 2006), NVivo 11





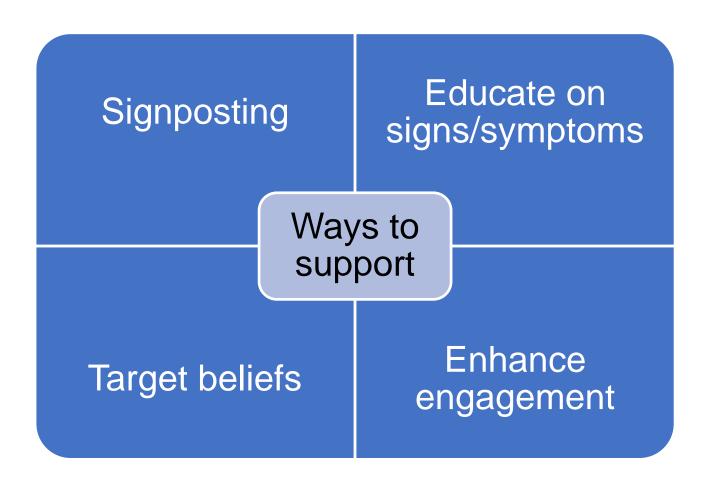
Stakeholder interviews

Themes	Sub-themes
Experiences of deterioration	Knowing the patient Being heard
Challenges in calling for help	Knowledge/skill deficits Personal and role conflict factors Resource/organisational deficits
Ways to support	Signposting Enhancing engagement
Benefits and burdens of involvement	Ownership and empowerment Safety and control Resource/organisational impact





Ways to support



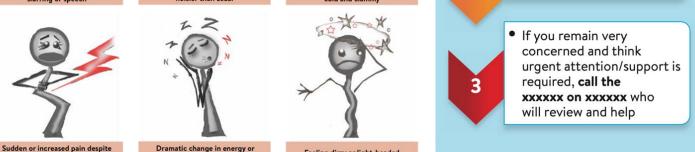




Patients/Relatives - Worried about a sudden change in your condition, or that something is not quite right?







Feeling dizzy or light-headed



Dramatic change in energy or

weaker/sleepier than usual

medication

If there is a sudden change in condition or something is "just not right" please tell us. You are a valuable part of the team.

We are never too busy to listen.











Feedback on developed resource

Comprehension

- Clear, concise
- Pictograms highly valued
- Applicable to own experiences

Values

- Validates
- Empowers

Engagement

- Requires organisational/ policy makers' support
- Engagement mechanisms/ processes outlined

Performance

Outcome and evaluation strategies

Conclusion

- Research further cements need to enable patients/ relatives to more readily call for help when concerned about deterioration
- "Help us hear you" escalation of care intervention was co-designed with patients/family/staff to support calling for help
- Protype feedback, implementation plan & cost analysis facilitate pilot in Ireland
- Similar funded pilot projects in England (NHS England, 2024) across
 143 sites
- International / National collaborative research to further inform implementation, refinement and evaluation of intervention





Thank you...

To the -





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Mr Derek Cribbin

Ms Heather Jackson

Ms Aoife Kirwan

Dr Mandy Odell

Ms Gabrielle O'Neill

Ms Christine Sheehan

Ms Margaret Smith

Dr Una St Ledger

Ms Catherine Veschambre



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